## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2024

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## MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

#### Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

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November 15, 2024

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Education LaRue County School District Hodgenville, Kentucky

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of LaRue County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise LaRue County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of LaRue County School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request, Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report.* My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the LaRue County School District and to meet my ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the LaRue County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statement

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, I:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of LaRue County School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the LaRue County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal-control matters that I identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of the district's proportionate share of net pension liabilities, and the schedules of the district's proportionate share of net other postemployment benefits on pages 4 through 10, 52 through 55, and 58 through 60 be presented to

supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the LaRue County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the statement of receipts, disbursements and fund balance - High School Activity Fund, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated November 15, 2024, on my consideration of LaRue County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the LaRue County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering LaRue County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, P.L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT – HODGENVILLE, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

As management of the LaRue County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented within the MD&A in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit. The reporting model is a combination of both government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The beginning General Fund balance was \$6.5 million. The ending fund balance was \$7.4 million.
- The ending cash and cash equivalents balance for the District for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$9.6 million.
- The District's property tax base is derived from residential growth and assessments. The District levied FY24 property tax rates of 52.2 cents per \$100 for real estate and tangible property. The motor vehicle rate was 55.2 cents per \$100 of assessed value and the utility tax rate was 3%.

#### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, like a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type Activities for the District accompanied by a total column.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, including capital assets as well as long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which liability is incurred. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the District are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 through 10 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state-mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All District funds can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare, and teacher support. The only proprietary fund is food service. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 19 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 51 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case for the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by approximately \$14.6 million as of June 30, 2024.

Typically, the largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture, and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, note that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including, the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

#### **Net Position**

The 2024 Government-wide net position compared to 2023 is as follows:

## Net Position for the Period Ending June 30, 2024 and 2023 (Table 1)

	Govern Activ	menta <i>i</i> ities	l	Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 9,061,882 31,526,353	\$	8,295,388 29,225,769	\$	2,387,745 1,044,076	\$	1,934,649 1,152,295	\$	11,449,627 32,570,429	\$	10,230,037 30,378,064
Total Assets	40,588,235		37,521,157		3,431,821		3,086,944		44,020,056		40,608,101
Deferred Outflows	5,248,751		5,339,559		312,030		207,884		5,560,781		5,547,443
Long-term Debt Other Liabilities	13,864,526 12,407,995		15,184,564 16,484,835		- 829,509		- 1,206,958		13,864,526 13,237,504		15,184,564 17,691,793
Total Liabilities	26,272,521		31,669,399		829,509		1,206,958		27,102,030		32,876,357
Deferred Inflows	7,317,287		3,878,698		540,544		162,174		7,857,831		4,040,872
Net Position											
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	 17,602,529 204,249 (5,559,600)		14,041,205 1,086,391 (7,814,977)		1,044,076 1,329,722 -		1,152,295 - 773,401		18,646,605 1,533,971 (5,559,600)	_	15,193,500 1,086,391 (7,041,576)
Total Net Position	\$ 12,247,178	\$	7,312,619	\$	2,373,798	\$	1,925,696	\$	14,620,976	\$	9,238,315

The following are significant current-year transactions impacting the Statement of Net Position:

- Total Assets increased approximately \$3.4 mil. The increase was due to an increase in Cash of \$1.4 mil and Capital Assets of \$1.8 mil.
- Increase in Capital Assets was due to the completion of the Hodgenville Elementary HVAC project of \$2.9 mil. This project was funded by the ARP ESSER Federal Funding.
- The District's Community Hawk Athletic Project, accumulating \$821 thousand through June 30, 2024; the District's High School and Middle School Miscellaneous Interior Upgrades project, accumulating \$880 thousand through June 30, 2024; are all included in construction in process.
- Total Liabilities decreased by \$5.7 mil. Bonds are issued as the District constructs and/or renovates facilities consistent with a long-range facility plan that is established with community input and in keeping with the Kentucky Department of Education's stringent compliance regulations. The District's bond debt decreased by \$1.6 million in FY24.
- Deferred Inflows increased approximately \$3.8 mil, primarily due to CERS OPEB and TRS OPED.

#### **Change in Net Position**

The following Table 2 presents the summary of changes in net position for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2024 and 2023.

### Changes in Net Position (Table 2)

		Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total Primary Government			
	2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
REVENUES:											
Program Revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 171,087	\$	435,034	\$	35,948	\$	32,917	\$	207,035	\$	467,951
Operating grants and											
contributions	6,580,804		6,695,135		2,267,808		2,186,242		8,848,612		8,881,377
Capital grants and contributions	98,548		1,700,705		-		-		98,548		1,700,705
General Revenues:											
Property taxes	4,765,154		4,397,834		-		-		4,765,154		4,397,834
Motor vehicle taxes	859,454		807,859		-		-		859,454		807,859
Utility taxes	814,709		845,285		-		-		814,709		845,285
Revenue in lieu of taxes	15,727		13,310		-		-		15,727		13,310
Gain on disposal of capital assets	3,651		10,249		-		1,880		3,651		12,129
Investment earnings	454,358		331,011		120,349		82,267		574,707		413,278
State and federal grants	18,880,610		15,981,949		-		-		18,880,610		15,981,949
Miscellaneous	722,329		255,962		-		-		722,329		255,962
Total Revenues	33,366,431		31,474,333		2,424,105		2,303,306		35,790,536		33,777,639
EXPENSES											
Program Activities:											
Instruction	18,650,583		16,542,413		-		-		18,650,583		16,542,413
Student support	995,436		1,111,441		-		-		995,436		1,111,441
Instructional staff support	1,389,530		1,557,181		-		-		1,389,530		1,557,181
District administrative support	731,728		524,827		-		-		731,728		524,827
School administrative support	1,203,803		1,851,455		-		-		1,203,803		1,851,455
Business support	567,840		752,945		-		-		567,840		752,945
Plant operation and maintenance	2,903,402		2,707,283		-		-		2,903,402		2,707,283
Student transportation	1,536,789		1,555,369		-		-		1,536,789		1,555,369
Community service activities	237,484		244,358		-		-		237,484		244,358
Other	2,430		24,786		-		-		2,430		24,786
Interest costs	367,840		414,312		-		-		367,840		414,312
Business-type Activities:											
Food service	5,377		-		1,900,557		1,878,893		1,905,934		1,878,893
Total Expenses:	28,592,242		27,286,370		1,900,557		1,878,893		30,492,799		29,165,263
Transfers	75,446		64,773		(75,446)		(64,773)		-		-
Increase in net position	4,849,635		4,252,736		448,102		359,640		5,297,737		4,612,376
Net position, beginning (restated)	7,397,543		3,059,883		1,925,696		1,566,056		9,323,239		4,625,939
Net position, ending	\$ 12,247,178	\$	7,312,619	\$	2,373,798	\$	1,925,696	\$	14,620,976	\$	9,238,315

The following are significant current-year transactions impacting the Changes in Net Position:

- Total revenues increased by approximately \$2.0 million primarily due to an increase in various state and federal grants and tax receipts.
- Total expenses increased by approximately \$1.3 million primarily in instruction-related activities (directly associated with the increase in state and federal grants).

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of the fiscal year 2024, the School District had approximately \$32.2 million invested in land, building and improvements, vehicles, equipment, and construction in process, which included \$31.2 million in governmental activities. Table 3 shows the fiscal year 2024 and 2023 balances.

## Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation (Table 3)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government				
		2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
Land and Land Improvements	\$	600,933	\$	600,933	\$	-	\$	-	\$	600,933	\$	600,933
Buildings and Improvements		27,875,391		25,995,780		590,786		615,900		28,466,177		26,611,680
Technology - Restated		5,582		665		-		-		5,582		665
Vehicles		668,345		759,498		42,089		52,835		710,434		812,333
General Equipment		329,495		301,720		411,201		483,560		740,696		785,280
Total		29,479,746		27,658,596		1,044,076		1,152,295		30,523,822		28,810,891
Construction in Progress		1,701,246		1,491,693				-		1,701,246		1,491,693
Total	\$	31,180,992	\$	29,150,289	\$	1,044,076	\$	1,152,295	\$	32,225,068	\$	30,302,584

Changes in capital assets for 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

		mental vities	Busine: Activ	, ·	Total Primary Government		
	2024	2023	<u>2024</u>	2023	2024	<u>2023</u>	
Beginning Balance	\$29,150,289.00	\$27,928,505.00	\$ 1,152,295.00	\$ 995,287.00	30,302,584	\$ 28,923,792	
Additions	3,257,629	3,326,069	-	260,436	3,257,629	3,586,505	
Retirements	(120,387)	(1,176,606)	-	-	(120,387)	(1,176,606)	
Depreciation	(1,106,539)	(927,679)	(108,219)	(103,428)	(1,214,758)	(1,031,107)	
Ending balance	\$ 31,180,992	\$ 29,150,289	\$ 1,044,076	\$ 1,152,295	\$ 32,225,068	\$ 30,302,584	

#### Debt

On June 30, 2024, the School District had \$13.6 million in outstanding bonds. Of this amount, \$3.9 million is to be paid by the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. A total of \$1.6 million is due within one year.

#### **General Fund – Budget Highlights**

The School District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The State Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any budgeted remaining fund balance shown as a contingency expense in the budget process.

General Fund Budgeted revenues of approximately \$23.3 million compared with actual revenues of approximately \$24.4 million. The most significant fluctuation is in the State Sources category (mainly in Revenue On-Behalf Pmts-State); and Other Sources (fund transfers).

General Fund Budgeted expenditures of approximately \$23.7 million compared with actual expenditures of approximately \$23.6 million. The most significant fluctuation is in the other category for Instructional Costs.

#### **BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS**

In Kentucky, the public school fiscal year is July 1 – June 30; other programs, i.e., some federal, operate on a different fiscal year but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2023-2024 with a contingency of 14.12%. The District has adopted a budget for 2024-2025 with a contingency of 15.37%.

#### ADDITIONAL CONTACT INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions regarding this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Jessica Castenir, Finance Officer, 208 College St., Hodgenville, Kentucky 42748 or call at 270-358-4111.

#### LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS:			
Cash & Cash Equivalents - Note C Accounts Receivable:	7,201,689	2,399,718	9,601,407
Taxes - Current	200,061		200,061
Taxes - Delinquent	7,240		7,240
Accounts	61,665	98,558	160,223
Internal Accounts	147,501	(147,501)	0
Intergovernmental - State	10,305		10,305
Intergovernmental - Federal	1,298,906	40.400	1,298,906
Inventories for Consumption		19,630	19,630
Total Current Assets	8,927,367	2,370,405	11,297,772
Noncurrent Assets			
Net OPEB Benefit - CERS	134,515	17,340	151,855
Right to Use Asset - Net of Amortization	284,977		284,977
Right to Use Subscription Asset - net of Amortization	60,384		60,384
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	2,302,179		2,302,179
Depreciable Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	28,878,813	1,044,076	29,922,889
Total Noncurrent Assets	31,660,868	1,061,416	32,722,284
TOTAL ASSETS	40,588,235	3,431,821	44,020,056
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	1,688,549	223,945	1,912,494
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	3,482,373	88,085	3,570,458
Deferred Outflows from Advanced Bond Refundings	77,829		77,829
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	45,836,986	3,743,851	49,580,837
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	1,062,488		1,062,488
Accrued Salaries & Sick Leave - Note A	202,543		202,543
Unearned Revenue	220.541	2,207	2,207
Advances from Grantors	238,561		238,561
Bond Obligations - Note E Lease Liabilities - Note F	1,635,000		1,635,000 51,425
Accrued Interest Payable	51,425 96,257		96,257
Total Current Liabilities	3,286,274	2,207	3,288,481
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Bond Obligations - Note E	11,943,463		11,943,463
Lease Liabilities - Note F	234,638		234,638
Net Pension Liability	6,230,280	827,302	7,057,582
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	4,100,000		4,100,000
Accrued Sick Leave - Note A	477,866		477,866
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	22,986,247	827,302	23,813,549
TOTAL LIABILITIES	26,272,521	829,509	27,102,030
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	1,571,994	208,375	1,780,369
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	5,745,293	332,169	6,077,462
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	33,589,808	1,370,053	34,959,861
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	17,602,529	1,044,076	18,646,605
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	(485,971)		(485,971)
SFCC Escrow	7,168		7,168
School Activities	378,968		378,968
Debt Service	55,564		55,564
Grants	248,520	1 220 522	248,520
Food Service Unrestricted	(5,559,600)	1,329,722	1,329,722 (5,559,600)
TOTAL NET POSITION	12,247,178	2,373,798	14,620,976
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION	45,836,986	3,743,851	49,580,837
. C	73,030,700	3,773,031	17,500,057

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NET(EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES

		PRO	OGRAM REVENUES			N NET POSITION			
FUNCTION/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:									
Instructional	18,650,583	171,087	4,868,713		(13,610,783)		(13,610,783)		
Support Services:									
Student Support Services	995,436		363,267		(632,169)		(632,169)		
Staff Support Services	1,389,530		755,805		(633,725)		(633,725)		
District Administration	731,728				(731,728)		(731,728)		
School Administration	1,203,803		130,954		(1,072,849)		(1,072,849)		
Business Support Services	690,865		20,887		(669,978)		(669,978)		
Plant Operation & Maintenance	2,903,402		63,663		(2,839,739)		(2,839,739)		
Student Transportation	1,536,789		32,790		(1,503,999)		(1,503,999)		
Community Service Operations	237,484		344,725		107,241		107,241		
Food Service Operations	5,377		,		(5,377)		(5,377)		
Other Non-Instructional	2,430				(2,430)		(2,430)		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	367,840			98,548	(269,292)		(269,292)		
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	28,715,267	171,087	6,580,804	98,548	(21,864,828)		(21,864,828)		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:									
Food Service	1,900,557	35,948	2,267,808			403,199	403,199		
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	1,900,557	35,948	2,267,808	0	0	403,199	403,199		
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	30,615,824	207,035	8,848,612	98,548	(21,864,828)	403,199	(21,461,629)		
GENERAL REVENUES:									
Taxes:									
Property					4,765,154		4,765,154		
Motor Vehicle					859,454		859,454		
Utility					814,709		814,709		
Other					15,727		15,727		
State Aid - Formula Grants					19,003,635		19,003,635		
Investment Earnings					454,358	120,349	574,707		
Miscellaneous					696,253	-,-	696,253		
Funds Transfer (Expense)					75,446	(75,446)	0		
Loss Compensation					26,076	(, , , ,	26,076		
Gain (Loss) in Sale of Capital Assets					3,651		3,651		
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES & TRANSI	FERS				26,714,463	44,903	26,759,366		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					4,849,635	448,102	5,297,737		
NET POSITION - BEGINNING - RESTATE	D NOTE R				7,397,543	1,925,696	9,323,239		
NET POSITION - ENDING					12,247,178	2,373,798	14,620,976		
See independent auditor's report and accompar	nying notes to fir	ancial statements.							

#### LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE	CONSTRUCTION FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS:					
Cash & Cash Equivalents	6,580,637	3,375	176,062	441,615	7,201,689
Accounts Receivable:					
Taxes - Current	200,061				200,061
Taxes - Delinquent	7,240				7,240
Accounts	61,402			263	61,665
Interfund Receivables	809,511				809,511
Intergovernmental - State		10,305			10,305
Intergovernmental - Federal		1,298,906			1,298,906
TOTAL ASSETS	7,658,851	1,312,586	176,062	441,878	9,589,377
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	236,783	268,239	557,289	178	1,062,489
Interfund Payables		557,266	104,744		662,010
Accrued Salaries & Benefits	32,337				32,337
Advances from Grantors		238,561			238,561
Total Liabilities	269,120	1,064,066	662,033	178	1,995,397
Fund Balance:					
Restricted for:					
Debt Service				55,564	55,564
Future Construction			(485,971)		(485,971)
SFCC Escrow				7,168	7,168
School Activities				378,968	378,968
Grants		248,520			248,520
Committed for:					
Site Based Carryforward	43,108				43,108
Accrued Sick Leave	100,000				100,000
Construction Projects	1,650,000				1,650,000
Curriculum	390,000				390,000
Technology Purchases	609,642				609,642
Bus Purchase	415,000				415,000
Unassigned Fund Balance	4,181,981				4,181,981
Total Fund Balance	7,389,731	248,520	(485,971)	441,700	7,593,980
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	7,658,851	1,312,586	176,062	441,878	9,589,377

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSTION JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE		7,593,980
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Cost of Capital Assets	53,665,104	
Accumulated Depreciation	(22,484,112)	31,180,992
Right to Use Assets - Net of Amortization		284,977
Right to Use Subscrition Asset - Net of Amortization		60,384
Deferred Outflows on Bond Refundings are not current assets		
and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		77,829
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions are not current assets		
and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		1,688,549
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits are not		
current assets and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		3,482,373
Long-term liabilities (including bonds payable) are not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds Payable	(13,560,000)	
Unamortized Bond Premiums	(66,825)	
Unamortized Bond Discounts	48,362	
Lease Liabilities	(286,063)	
Accrued Interest on Bonds	(96,257)	
Net Pension Liability	(6,230,280)	
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	(3,965,484)	
Accrued Sick Leave	(648,072)	(24,804,619)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions are not current liabilities		
and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.		(1,571,994)
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits are not current		
liabilities and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.		(5,745,293)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	_	12,247,178

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CONSTRUCTION FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Property	4,232,796			532,358	4,765,154
Motor Vehicle	859,454			ŕ	859,454
Utility	814,709				814,709
Other	15,727				15,727
Earnings on Investments	424,901	12,245	9,451	7,761	454,358
Intergovernmental - State	17,462,392	1,593,428		1,639,791	20,695,611
Intergovernmental - Federal	69,960	4,917,416			4,987,376
Student Activities				434,023	434,023
Other Sources	197,069	18,728	217,520		433,317
TOTAL REVENUES	24,077,008	6,541,817	226,971	2,613,933	33,459,729
EXPENDITURES:					
Instructional	15,257,665	3,354,088		338,499	18,950,252
Support Services:					
Student Support Services	793,331	250,257		1,555	1,045,143
Staff Support Services	921,968	520,679		290	1,442,937
District Administration	742,933	ŕ			742,933
School Administration	1,171,246	90,215			1,261,461
Business Support Services	699,742	14,389			714,131
Plant Operation & Maintenance	2,468,569	43,858		429	2,512,856
Student Transportation	1,489,362	22,589			1,511,951
Food Service Operaing	5,377				5,377
Community Service Operations		237,484			237,484
Facilities Acquisition & Construction			3,129,459		3,129,459
Other Non-Instructional				2,430	2,430
Debt Service:					
Principal				1,595,000	1,595,000
Interest				343,123	343,123
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	23,550,193	4,533,559	3,129,459	2,281,326	33,494,537
EXCESS(DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER					
EXPENDITURES	526,815	2,008,258	(2,902,488)	332,607	(34,808)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES):					
Loss Compensation	26,076				26,076
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	3,651				3,651
Operating Transfers In - Note N	455,280	47,148	1,999,214	1,165,080	3,666,722
Operating Transfers Out - Note N	(192,956)	(1,999,214)	, ,	(1,399,106)	(3,591,276)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	292,051	(1,952,066)	1,999,214	(234,026)	105,173
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	818,866	56,192	(903,274)	98,581	70,365
FUND BALANCES -					
BEGINNING- RESTATED NOTE R	6,570,865	192,328	417,303	343,119	7,523,615
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	7,389,731	248,520	(485,971)	441,700	7,593,980

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

NET CHANGES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		70,365
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures because they use current financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital exceeds depreciation expense for the year.  Depreciation Expense Capital Outlays	(1,226,926) 3,257,629	2,030,703
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.  Bond Principal Paid Lease Liability Paid	1,595,000 11,675	1,606,675
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.  Amortization-Deferred Outflows on Advanced Bond Refundings Amortization - Bond Premiums  Amortization - Bond Discount  Amortization Right to Use Assets  Amortization Right to Use Subscrition Asset  District Pension Contributions  Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions - Pension  Accrued Interest Payable  District Other Post Employment Benefits Contributions  Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions  Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions - OPEB  Accrued Sick Leave	(49,694) 20,534 (9,433) (12,760) (15,096) 692,906 (169,278) 17,421 368,047 465,833 (166,588)	1,141,892
CHANGES - NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	_	4,849,635

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

#### ENTERPRISE FUND

	FOOD SERVICE
ASSETS:	
Current Assets:	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	2,399,718
Accounts Receivable	98,558
Inventories for Consumption	19,630
Total Current Assets	2,517,906
	, ,
Noncurrent Assets:	
Net OPEB Benefit	17,340
Buildings & Improvements	1,353,144
Furniture & Equipment	1,488,576
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,797,644)
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,061,416
TOTAL ASSETS	3,579,322
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	88,085
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	223,945
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	3,891,352
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Due to General Fund Unearned Revenue	147,501 2,207
Total Current Liabilities	149,708
Noncurrent Liabilities: Net Pension Liability	827,302
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	827,302
TOTAL LIABILITIES	977,010
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	332,169
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	208,375
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	1,517,554
Net Position:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,044,076
Restricted	1,329,722
Unrestricted	1,527,722
Total Net Position	2,373,798
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	3,891,352

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	FOOD SERVICE
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Lunchroom Sales	14,308
Charges for Services	21,640
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	35,948
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Salaries & Benefits	581,065
Contract Services	79,992
Materials & Supplies	1,116,456
Depreciation - Note D	108,219
Other Operating Expenses	14,825
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,900,557
OPERATING INCOME(LOSS)	(1,864,609)
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES):	
Transfer Out to General Fund	(75,446)
Federal Grants	1,989,156
State Grants	138,259
Donated Commodities	140,393
Interest Income	120,349
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUE	2,312,711
INCOME(LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	448,102
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	0
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	448,102
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING	1,925,696
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	2,373,798

#### LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FOOD

	FOOD SERVICE FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	TOND
Cash Received from:	
Lunchroom Sales	14,538
Other Activities	21,640
Cash Paid to/for: Employees	(591,733)
Supplies	(987,236)
Other Activities	(94,817)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,637,608)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Transfer in (out) to/from General Fund	(75,446)
Interfund Payable Repaid	(59,989)
Federal Grants	1,960,292
State Grants	28,132
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities	1,852,989
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipt of Interest Income	120,349
Receipt of interest income	120,349
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	120,349
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	335,730
Balances, Beginning of Year	2,063,988
Balances, End of Year	2,399,718
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,864,609)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	
Depreciation	108,219
State On-Behalf Payments	110,127
Donated Commodities  Change in Assats Deferred Outflows Liebilities and Deferred Inflower	140,393
Change in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Unearned Revenue	230
Deferred Outflows	(104,146)
Deferred Inflows	378,370
Net Pension Liability	(119,303)
Net Other Post Employment Benefits	(275,716)
Inventory	(11,173)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,637,608)
Schedule of Non-Cash Transactions:	140.000
Donated Commodities State On-Behalf Payments	140,393 110,127
State On-Denan Layments	110,127

#### LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	PRIVATE
	PURPOSE
	TRUST FUND
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	43,069
TOTAL ASSETS	43,069
LIABILITIES:	
Scholarships Payable	0
TOTAL LIABILITIES	0
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST	43,069

#### LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS		
ADDITIONS:			
Earnings on Investments	2,192		
Donations	2,000		
TOTAL ADDITIONS	4,192		
DEDUCTIONS: Scholarships	4,500		
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	4,500		
Changes in Net Position	(308)		
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST - BEGINNING OF YEAR	43,377		
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST - END OF YEAR	43,069		

#### LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Reporting Entity**

The LaRue County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of LaRue County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the LaRue County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organizations are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>LaRue County Board of Education Finance Corporation</u> – In a prior year, the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the LaRue County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

#### I. Governmental Fund Types

- A. The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Board. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- B. The Special Revenue (Grant) Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and related notes. This is a major fund of the District.
- C. Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).
  - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.

- 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
- 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.
- D. Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on generally obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky law. This is a major fund of the District.

#### II. Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)

The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

#### III. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency and Private Purpose Trust Funds)

The Private Purpose Trust funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organization, or other governments.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also us the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Proprietary Fund operating revenues are defined as revenues received from the direct purchases of products and services (i.e. food service). Non-operating revenues are not related to direct purchases of products; for the District, these revenues are typically investment income and state and federal grant revenues.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue – Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### **Property Taxes**

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance the General Fund operations were \$0.522 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$0.522 per \$100 valuation for business personal property, and \$0.552 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial, and mixed gases.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payable resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the amount "accumulated sick leave payable" in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is reported as a reserve of fund balance.

#### **Budgetary Process**

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

#### **Inventories**

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are stated at cost and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements inventories are stated at cost. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

The food service fund uses the specific identification method.

#### <u>Investments</u>

The private purpose trust funds record investments at their quoted market prices. All realized gains and losses and changes in fair value are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### Fund Balance

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end. Formal School Board action must be taken during an open meeting to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment.

Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Superintendent.

Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The District committed the following fund balance type by taking the following action:

<b>Fund Balance Type</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Action</b>
General Fund	\$100,000	Long-Term Sick Leave Commitment
General Fund	43,108	Site Based Carryforward
General Fund	1,650,000	Construction Projects
General Fund	390,000	Curriculum
General Fund	609,642	Technology
General Fund	415,000	Bus Purchase

The District uses *restricted/committed* amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use *committed*, then *assigned*, and lastly *unassigned* amounts for unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

#### **Major Special Revenue Fund**

**Revenue Source** 

Special Revenue

State, Local and Federal Grants

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

#### Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### **Interfund Activity**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### Pensions

Teachers' Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

County Employees Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Since certain expense items are amortized over the closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred inflows. If amounts will increase pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of the active and inactive plan members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

#### Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Teachers' Retirement System – For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

County Employees Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS) and

additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Since certain expense items are amortized over the closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred inflows. If amounts will increase pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of the active and inactive plan members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

#### **NOTE B – ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general-purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE C – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial Credit is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's total cash and cash equivalents was \$9,644,476. Of the total cash balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, with the remainder covered by collateral agreements and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name. Cash equivalents are funds temporarily invested in securities with maturity of 90 days or less.

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

	Bank Balance	<b>Book Balance</b>
Magnolia Bank	10,435,830	9,644.476
Breakdown per financial statements:		
Governmental Funds		7,201,689
Fiduciary Fund		43,069
Proprietary Funds		2,399,718
Total Cash		<u>9,644,476</u>

#### NOTE D- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	BEGINNING	A DOUTIONS	DECEMBENTS.	ENDING
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	BALANCE	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	BALANCE
Non-Depreciable Assets:				
Land	600,933			600,933
Construction in Progress	1,491,693	3,129,460	(2,919,907)	1,701,246
Depreciable Assets:	-, ., -, -, -	2,22,100	(=,, =, ,, , , ,	-,,,-
Buildings & Building Improvements	43,019,840		2,919,907	45,939,747
Technology Equipment - Restated	512,228	5,000	116,626	400,602
Vehicles	3,690,051	60,795	,	3,750,846
General Equipment	1,213,117	62,374	3,761	1,271,730
TOTAL AT HISTORICAL COST	50,527,862	3,257,629	120,387	53,665,104
LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:				
Buildings & Building Improvements	17,024,060	1,040,296		18,064,356
Technology Equipment	511,563	83	116,626	395,020
Vehicles	2,930,553	151,948		3,082,501
General Equipment	911,397	34,599	3,761	942,235
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	21,377,573	1,226,926	120,387	22,484,112
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET	29,150,289	2,030,703	-	31,180,992
PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES:				
Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings & Building Improvements	1,353,144			1,353,144
Technology Equipment	-			-
Vehicles	53,730			53,730
General Equipment	1,434,846			1,434,846
TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST	2,841,720	-	-	2,841,720
LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:				
Buildings & Building Improvements	737,244	25,114		762,358
Technology Equipment	-			-
Vehicles	895	10,746		11,641
General Equipment	951,286	72,359		1,023,645
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	1,689,425	108,219		1,797,644
PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET	1,152,295	(108,219)		1,044,076
DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVER	NMENTAL FUNCTIO	NS AS FOLLOWS:		
Instructional				587,030
Student Support Services				
Staff Support Services				
District Administration				
School Administration				3,215
Business Support Services				1,284
Plant Operation & Maintenance				499,836
Student Transportation				135,561
TOTAL				1,226,926

#### NOTE E – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bond obligations represents the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the LaRue County School District Finance Corporation in the original amount aggregating \$20,440,000.

The original amount of each issue and interest rates are summarized below:

2007 Urgent	500,000	4.00%
2013	5,930,000	2.00% - 2.50%
2016-2	1,115,000	1.00% - 2.625%
2016C	3,805,000	1.00% - 2.625%
2019	5,625,000	2.25% - 3.00%
2020	3,465,000	2.25% - 3.80%

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make bond payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by LaRue County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

In 1995 the Board entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky Legislature for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table sets forth the amount to be paid by the Board and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bonds issued. The Kentucky School Construction Commission's participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth of Kentucky with the right reserved by the Kentucky School Construction Commission to terminate the commitment to pay the agreed participation every two years. The obligation of the Kentucky School Construction Commission to make the agreed payments automatically renews each two years for a period of two years unless the Kentucky School Construction Commission gives notice if its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of its biennium.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission at June 30, 2024, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

				District's
Year	Principal	Interest	Participation	Portion
2024-25	1,635,000	307,988	849,261	1,093,727
2025-26	1,690,000	270,716	855,164	1,105,552
2026-27	1,670,000	234,922	797,114	1,107,808
2027-28	765,000	209,287	180,679	793,608
2028-29	755,000	191,114	138,296	807,818
2029-30	705,000	174,170	127,882	751,288
2030-31	730,000	157,993	125,600	762,393
2031-32	760,000	140,618	128,541	772,077
2032-33	785,000	122,207	127,095	780,112
2033-34	805,000	102,052	113,577	793,475
2034-35	840,000	80,800	124,647	796,153
2035-36	810,000	58,637	127,555	741,082
2036-37	640,000	38,300	124,778	553,522
2037-38	335,000	24,074	56,689	302,385
2038-39	345,000	13,875	53,968	304,907
2039-40	290,000	4,350	46,093	248,257
	13,560,000	2,131,104	3,976,939	11,714,165

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

<u>]</u>	Beginning Balance - Restated	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
<b>Primary Government</b>					
Governmental Activities:					
Revenue Bond Payable	15,155,000	0	1,595,000	13,560,000	1,635,000
Add: Bond Premium	87,359	0	20,534	66,825	20,534
Less: Bond Discount	(57,795)	0	(9,433)	(48,362)	(9,433)
Net Revenue Bond Payab	le 15,184,564	0	1,606,101	13,578,463	1,646,101
Net Pension Liability	7,130,661	0	900,381	6,230,280	0
Lease Liabilities	0	297,738	11,675	286,063	51,425
Net OPEB Liability	7,902,315	0	3,802,315	4,100,000	0
Accrued Sick Leave	481,484	294,353	127,765	648,072	170,206
Total Governmental					
Activities:	30,699,024	<u>592,091</u>	<u>6,448,237</u>	<u>24,842,878</u>	<u>1,867,732</u>
Proprietary Activities:					
Net OPEB Liability	258,376	0	258,376	0	0
Net Pension Liability	946,605	0	119,303	827,302	0
Total Long-Term Liabilities	s: <u>31,904,005</u>	592,091	<u>6,825,916</u>	25,670,180	<u>1,867,732</u>

#### NOTE F – LEASE LIABILITIES PAYABLE

The District is committed under a noncancellable lease for copiers with an annual payment amount of \$64,692. The total lease liability measured at present value is \$297,738. The ending balance at June 30, 2024 is \$286,063. The District has recognized an intangible right of use asset for the terms of the lease but the District will not acquire the copiers at the end of the lease. Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest
2025	51,425	13,267
2026	54,083	10,609
2027	56,878	7,814
2028	59,818	4,874
2029	62,910	1,782
2023	949	4
Total	<u>286,063</u>	38,350

The following assets and amortization have been recognized.

Intangible Right of Use Assets – Copiers	\$297,738
Accumulated Amortization	(12,761)
Net Ending Balance	<u>284,977</u>

#### **NOTE G – RETIREMENT PLANS**

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree

requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

#### General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date	Before September 1, 2008
	Unreduced retirement	27 years service or 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 55 years old
		At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old
		OR age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service or 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old
		OR age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not Available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits

Contributions—Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required	
	Contributions	
Tier 1	5%	
Tier 2	5% +1% for insurance	
Tier 3	5% +1% for insurance	

## General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS")

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.TRS.ky.gov/05\_publications/index.htm.

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years.

In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). University members contribute 10.40% of salary to the retirement system. Non-university members contribute 12.855% of salary to the retirement system. Member contributions are picked up by the employer.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

## **Medical Insurance Plan**

*Plan description*—In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, six percent (6%) of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. Three percent (3%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from Commonwealth appropriation and two and one quarter percent (2.25%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$7,057,582 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability \$ 7,057,582

Commonwealth's proportional share of the TRS net pension liability associated with the District 54,293,013

\$ 61,350,595

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.109991% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$191,705 related to CERS and \$3,265,788 related to TRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$3,265,788 for TRS support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			I	Deferred	
	<b>Outflows of</b>		I	Inflows of	
	Resources		R	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	365,357	\$	19,177	
Changes of assumptions		-		646,832	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		762,419		858,688	
Changes in proportion and differences					
between District contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions		-		255,672	
District contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		784,718			
Total	\$	1,912,494	\$	1,780,369	

\$784,718 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2025	(434,398)	
2026	(307,425)	
2027	157,554	
2028	(68,324)	
2029	_	

Actuarial assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

## Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Long-term Investment Rate of Return,	
net of pension plan investment	
expense, including inflation	7.10%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	3.66%
Measurement Date	2.13%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.00-7.50%, includes inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% annually
Inflation rate	2.50%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of	
pension plan investment expense,	
including inflation	
Prior Measurement Date	7.50%
Measurement Date	7.10%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rates
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.40%	5.0%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.60%	5.5%
Developed International Equity	15.70%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.30%	6.1%
Fixed Income	15.00%	1.9%
High Yield Bonds	2.00%	3.8%
Other Additional Categories	5.00%	3.6%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.2%
Private Equity	7.00%	8.0%
Cash	2.0%	1.6%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - For TRS, The discount rate used to measure the TPL as of the Measurement Date was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. We assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## County Employees' Retirement System (CERS)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 2013-June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets
	and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Payroll Growth Rate	2.0%
Investment rate of return	6.25%
Projected salary increases	3.30 to 10.30%, varies by service
Inflation rate	2.30%

The mortality table used for active members was Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Nonhazardous

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for the system. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2013 through 2018, is outlined in a report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.3% per annum.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity		
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Fixed Income		
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
<b>Inflation Protected</b>		
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
Expected Real Return	100.0%	5.75%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		2.50%
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		8.25%

*Discount rate*—For CERS, projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.50% assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 30 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate— The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
CERS District's proportionate share	5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
of net pension liability	8,910,623	7,057,582	5,517,635
TRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	0	0	0

*Pension plan fiduciary net position*—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and TRS.

## NOTE H – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

## Teachers' Retirement System of Kentucky

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

## **Medical Insurance Plan**

*Plan description* – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

At June 30, 2024, the LaRue County District reported a liability of \$4,100,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was .3102 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 4,100,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	3,456,000
Total	\$ 7,556,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$90,873 and revenue of \$268,873 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows of</b>		<b>Deferred Inflows of</b>	
	]	Resources	]	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,390,000
Changes of assumptions		932,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		77,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,442,000		1,850,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		368,047		
Total		2,819,047		3,240,000

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$368,047 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2025	\$ (272,000)
2026	(231,000)
2027	45,000
2028	-
2029	(157,000)
Thereafter	(174,000)

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Long-term investment rate of return net of OPEB plan investment	
expense, including inflation.	
Health Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%
Salary increases, including wage	
Inflation	3.00 - 7.50%
Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Health Trust Health Care Cost Trends	
Under 65	6.75% for FY 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.50% by FY 2032
Ages 65 and Older	6.75% for FY 2022* decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.50% by FY 2025
Medicare Part B Premiums	1.55% for FY 2022 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of	
OPEB plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Health Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Health Trust	N/A
Life Trust	N/A

<sup>\*</sup>Based on known expected increase in Medicare-eligible costs in the year following the valuation date, an increase rate of 20.00% was used for FYE 2021.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2023 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2023 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2023 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S Large Cap Equity	35.4%	5.0%
U.S. Small Cap	2.6%	5.5%
Developed Int'l Equity	15.0%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.9%
High Yield Bonds	8.0%	3.8%
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	3.7%
Real Estate	6.5%	3.2%
Private Equity	8.5%	8.0%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	1.6%
	100.00%	

Discount rate (SEIR)- The discount rate used to measure the TOL at June 30, 2023 was 7.10% for the Health Trust and 7.10% for the Life Trust. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
TRS District's proportionate share	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
of net OPEB liability	5,274,000	4,100,000	3,130,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Trend		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share			
of net OPEB liability	2,952,000	4,100,000	5,531,000

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

## Life Insurance Plan

*Plan description* – *Life Insurance Plan* – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

*Benefits provided* – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

*Contributions* – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

At June 30, 2024, the Kentucky School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB
liability associated with the District
Total

-0
86,000

86,000

86,000

Actuarial assumptions – The actuarial assumptions are listed above with the TRS OPEB assumptions information.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.00%	5.2%
International Equity	15.00%	5.5%
<b>Emerging Markets Equity</b>	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	21.00%	1.9%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.2%
Private Equity	5.00%	8.0%
Additional Categories	5.00%	4.0%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.00%	1.6%
	100.00%	

*Discount rate* (*SEIR*) - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020.

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

## County Employees' Retirement System of Kentucky

Plan description – Classified (non-certified) employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public agencies in the state. CERS was established July 1, 1958 by the state legislature. CERS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://kyret.ky.gov/About/Board-of-Trustees/Pages/CAFR-and-SAFR.aspx.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the CERS Medical Insurance. The following information is about the CERS plans:

## **Medical Insurance Plan**

Plan description —The Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund) was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from KERS, CERS, and SPRS, the state retirement options. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance. It is noted that while this insurance fund covers employees eligible through KERS, CERS, and SPRS, only the portion related to CERS is applicable to Spencer County School District since the District does not have or qualify to have employees participate in KERS or SPRS.

Benefits provided – Medical Insurance coverage is provided based on the member's initial participation date and length of service. Members received either a percentage or dollar amount for insurance coverage. The amount of contribution paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service. For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	Paid By Insurance Fund (%)
20+	100%
15-19	75%
10-14	50%
4-9	25%
Less than 4	0%

Medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participating on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a vesting period of 10 years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003 earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually, which is currently 1.5%, based upon Kentucky Revised Statutes. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce this benefit if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands. Only benefit descriptions applicable to CERS Non-Hazardous have been included with this information since only that portion is applicable to the District.

Contributions – Due to the CERS post-retirement healthcare benefit plan being fully funded the requirement for employers to contribute as a percent of gross annual payroll was suspended for the year ended June 30, 2024.

At June 30, 2024, the LaRue County District reported a benefit of \$151,855 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB asset that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB benefit was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB benefit used to calculate the collective net OPEB benefit was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was .109987 percent, compared to .111714 percent at June 30, 2022.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB benefit	\$ 151,855
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	-0-
Total	<u>\$ 151,855</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB benefit of \$439,243. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferr	ed Outflows of	Defe	rred Inflows of
	R	Resources	]	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	105,866	\$	2,156,195
Changes of assumptions		298,841		208,262
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		284,191		319,434
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		12,913		153,571
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		49,600		<u>-</u>
Total		751,411		2,837,462

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$49,600 resulting from District contributions of \$0 subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year and implicit subsidy of \$49,600, will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2025	\$ (539,367)
2026	(662,993)
2027	(510,063)
2028	(423,227)
2029	-
Thereafter	_

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Investment rate of return	6.25%
Salary Increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre - 65	Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Post - 65	Initial trend starting at 6.3% in 2023, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Mortality	
Pre-retirement	PUB-2010 General Mortality table
Post-retirement (non-disabled)	System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019
Post-retirement (disabled)	PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set- forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.30% per annum.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity		
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Liquidity		
Core Bonds	10.00%	2.45%
Special Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Inflation Protected		
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
<b>Expected Real Return</b>	100.0%	5.75%
Long Term Inflation		
Assumption		2.50%
<b>Expected Nominal Return</b>		8.25%

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.93%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy, as most recently revised by House Bill 8, passed during the 2021 legislative session. The assumed future employer contributions reflect the provisions of House Bill 362 (passed during the 2018 legislative session) which limit the increases to the employer contribution rates to 12% over the prior fiscal year through June 30, 2028, for the CERS plans.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.93%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
CERS	4.93%	5.93%	6.93%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	284,974	(151,855)	(517,647)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
Systems' net pension			
liability	(486,723)	(151,855)	259,498

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

## **NOTE I – CONTINGENCIES**

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected, to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

## NOTE J - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively related including Workers' Compensation insurance.

## NOTE K – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees. To obtain insurance of workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District obtains quotes from commercial insurance companies. Currently, the District maintains insurance coverage through Ohio Casualty Insurance Company.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## NOTE L – DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES

The District had no fund balances that were deficit at June 30, 2024. The following funds have operations that resulted in a current year deficit of expenditures over revenues resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance:

District Activity	11,517
Debt Service	1,082,429
Construction Fund	2,902,488

## NOTE M – COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the School District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

## **NOTE N – TRANSFER OF FUNDS**

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
Matching	General	Special Revenue	Technology Match	47,148
Operating	Special Revenue	Constrution	Construction	1,999,214
Operating	General	Debt Service	Debt Service	145,808
Operating	Building	Debt Service	Debt Service	943,978
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	75,446
Operating	Capital Outlay	General	Operations	217,732
Operating	Building	General	Operations	162,102
Operating	School Activity	District Activity	Operations	75,294
-	•	Governmenta	al Funds Transferred In	3,666,722
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	(75,446)
		Propriet	tary Funds Transferred	(75,446)
		Т	otal Transferred Funds	3,591,276

## NOTE O - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General	Special Revenue	\$557,266
General	Construction	104,744
General	Food Service	147,501

The interfund payables/receivables represent temporary financing that will be repaid within one year.

## NOTE P – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has reviewed subsequent events through November 15, 2024 the date the financial statements were available for release. There are no material subsequent events to disclose.

## NOTE Q – ON-BEHALF PAYMENT

For the year ended June 30, 2024, \$7,605,142 in on-behalf payments were made by the Commonwealth of Kentucky for the benefit of the District. Payments for life insurance, health insurance, Kentucky teacher retirement matching pension contributions, administrative fees, technology and debt service were paid by the State for the District. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts. These payments were as follows:

Teachers Retirement System (GASB 68 Schedule A)	\$3,265,788
Teachers Retirement System (GASB 75)	277,380
Health Insurance	3,155,364
Life Insurance	3,845
Administrative Fee	30,728
HRA/Dental/Vision	98,875
Federal Reimbursement	(198,200)
Technology	123,025
SFCC Debt Service Payments	848,337
Total	\$7,605,142

## NOTE R – NET POSITION, AS RESTATED

The beginning net position of the Governmental Activities and the General Fund were increased by \$84,924 due to the understatement of tax revenues. Below are the details of the restatement:

	Government	General	
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Fund</u>	
Net Position June 30, 2023	\$ 7,312,619	\$ 6,485,941	
Understatement of Tax Revenue	84,924	84,924	
Beginning Net Position, As Restated	\$ <u>7,397,543</u>	\$ <u>6,570,865</u>	

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		POSITIVE
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Taxes	5,786,655	5,786,655	5,922,686	136,031
Other Local Sources	466,200	466,200	621,970	155,770
State Sources	16,973,445	16,973,445	17,462,392	488,947
Federal Sources	70.000	70.000	69,960	(40)
Other Sources	63,670	63,670	485,007	421,337
TOTAL REVENUES	23,359,970	23,359,970	24,562,015	1,202,045
	- , ,-	- , ,	, ,	, - ,
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional	14,626,786	14,626,786	15,257,665	(630,879)
Student Support Services	844,009	844,009	793,331	50,678
Staff Support Services	1,088,601	1,088,601	921,968	166,633
District Administration	913,780	913,780	742,933	170,847
School Administration	1,563,163	1,563,163	1,171,246	391,917
Business Support Services	653,857	653,857	699,742	(45,885)
Plant Operation & Maintenance	2,380,354	2,380,354	2,468,569	(88,215)
Student Transportation	1,462,850	1,462,850	1,489,362	(26,512)
Food Service Operations			5,377	
Other	215,808	215,808	192,956	22,852
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	23,749,208	23,749,208	23,743,149	11,436
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(389,238)	(389,238)	818,866	1,213,481
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	389,238	389,238	6,570,865	6,181,627
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	0	0	7,389,731	7,395,108

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Other Local Sources	46,773	46,773	65,876	19,103
State Sources	1,594,885	1,594,885	1,593,428	(1,457)
Federal Sources	1,636,370	1,636,370	4,917,416	3,281,046
Other Sources	2,347	2,347	12,245	9,898
TOTAL REVENUES	3,280,375	3,280,375	6,588,965	3,308,590
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional	2,203,802	2,203,802	3,354,088	(1,150,286)
Student Support Services	214,720	214,720	250,257	(35,537)
Staff Support Services	493,339	493,339	520,679	(27,340)
District Administration	0	0	0	0
School Administration	79,794	79,794	90,215	(10,421)
Business Support Services	0	0	14,389	(14,389)
Plant Operation & Maintenance	44,828	44,828	43,858	970
Student Transportation	8,682	8,682	22,589	(13,907)
Day Care Operations	0	0	0	0
Site Improvement	0	0	237,484	(237,484)
Community Service Operations	235,210	235,210	0	235,210
Other	0	0	1,999,214	(1,999,214)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,280,375	3,280,375	6,532,773	(3,252,398)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	0	0	56,192	56,192
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	0	0	192,328	192,328
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	0	0	248,520	248,520

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE

## OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
District's proportion of net pension liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	,	0.00%		0.00%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-		-		-		-		-
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district	\$	68,229,782		78,537,734		101,729,057		92,601,000		44,714,289
TOTAL	_	68,229,782	_	78,537,734	_	101,729,057		92,601,000		44,714,289
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	12,268,236		10,370,236		10,779,806	\$	10,783,010	\$	10,783,010
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		45.60%		42.49%		57.04%		39.80%		59.30%
		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024
District's proportion of net pension liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		-		-		-		-		-
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district		44,245,754		46,641,749		42,358,105		55,966,612		54,293,013
TOTAL		44,245,754	_	46,641,749		42,358,105		55,966,612	_	54,293,013
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,547,328	\$	10,903,678	\$	10,783,010	\$	11,299,056	\$	8,092,213
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		58.80%		58.27%		65.59%		56.41%		57.70%

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

## COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.111953%	0.114346%	0.116510%	0.120030%	0.119374%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,632,000	4,916,355	5,736,571	7,025,901	7,270,240
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district					
TOTAL	\$ 3,632,000	4,916,355	5,736,571	7,025,901	7,270,240
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,608,438	2,607,655	2,800,233	2,922,222	2,952,811
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	139.20%	188.50%	204.90%	240.40%	246.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.80%	59.97%	55.50%	53.30%	53.54%
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.115688%	0.120023%	0.119408%	0.111734%	0.109991%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	8,136,389	9,205,665	7,613,197	8,077,266	7,057,582
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district	_	_	-	-	<u>-</u>
TOTAL	8,136,389	9,205,665	7,613,197	8,077,266	7,057,582
District's covered-employee payroll	2,881,375	3,055,540	3,052,499	3,111,841	3,363,525
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	282.40%	301.30%	249.40%	259.60%	209.83%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	50.45%	47.81%	57.33%	52.42%	57.48%

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		-						-		-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered employee payroll	\$ 12	2,268,236	\$	10,370,236	\$ 10,	779,806	\$ 10,	783,010	\$ 1	10,783,010
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%			0.00%
		2020	2021		2022		2023			2024
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		-								
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered employee payroll	\$ 10	,547,328	\$	10,903,678	\$ 10,	783,010	\$ 11,	299,056	\$	8,092,213

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 332,476	\$ 347,789	\$ 407,650	\$ 427,567	\$ 467,359
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	332,476	347,789	407,650	427,567	467,359
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,607,655	\$ 2,800,233	\$ 2,922,222	\$ 2,952,811	\$ 2,881,375
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	12.75%	12.42%	13.95%	14.48%	16.22%
Contractually required contributions	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
(actuarially determined)	\$ 599,719	\$ 589,132	\$ 658,777	\$ 749,699	\$ 784,718
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	599,719	589,132	658,777	749,699	784,718
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,881,375	\$ 3,055,540	\$ 3,052,499	\$ 3,111,841	\$ 3,363,525
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	19.30%	19.30%	21.17%	23.40%	23.34%

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.120030%	0.119374%	0.115658%	0.119988%	0.119381%	0.111714%	0.109987%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	2,413,074	2,119,371	1,945,315	2,897,345	2,285,490	2,204,691	(151,855)
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
TOTAL	2,413,074	2,119,371	1,945,315	2,897,345	2,285,490	2,204,691	(151,855)
District's covered-employee payroll	2,922,222	2,952,811	2,881,375	3,055,540	3,052,499	3,111,841	3,363,525
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	82.58%	71.77%	67.51%	94.82%	74.87%	70.85%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.40%	57.62%	60.44%	51.67%	62.91%	47.76%	104.23%

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.3300%	0.3293%	0.3140%	0.3191%	0.3158%	0.3188%	0.3102%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	6,476,000	6,138,000	5,084,000	4,471,000	3,740,000	5,956,000	4,100,000
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability							
associated with the district	5,290,000	5,290,000	4,106,000	3,582,000	3,037,000	1,957,000	3,456,000
TOTAL	11,766,000	11,428,000	9,190,000	8,053,000	6,777,000	7,913,000	7,556,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,751,504	\$ 10,503,967	\$ 10,383,700	\$ 10,903,678	\$ 10,783,010	\$ 11,299,056	\$ 12,268,236
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	60.23%	58.44%	48.96%	41.00%	34.68%	52.71%	33.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	21.18%	25.50%	32.60%	39.05%	51.74%	47.76%	53.00%

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability							
associated with the district	71,000	91,000	95,000	108,000	40,000	97,000	86,000
TOTAL	71,000	91,000	95,000	108,000	40,000	97,000	86,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,751,504	\$ 10,503,967	\$ 10,383,700	\$ 10,903,678	\$ 10,783,010	\$ 11,299,056	\$ 12,268,236
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	79.99%	75.00%	73.40%	71.57%	89.15%	73.97%	76.90%

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MEDICAL INSUARANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 136,057	\$ 151,560	\$ 145,444	\$ 145,299	\$ 179,864	\$ 108,610	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	136,057	151,560	145,444	145,299	179,864	108,610	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,922,222	\$ 2,952,811	\$ 2,881,375	\$ 3,055,540	\$ 3,052,499	\$ 3,111,841	\$ 3,363,525
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	4.70%	5.26%	4.76%	4.76%	5.78%	3.39%	0.00%

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 315,119	\$ 311,511	\$ 327,000	\$ 328,000	\$ 339,000	\$ 342,000	\$ 368,047
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	315,119	311,511	327,000	328,000	339,000	342,000	368,047
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 10,751,504	\$ 10,503,967	\$ 10,383,700	\$ 10,903,678	\$ 10,783,010	\$ 11,299,056	\$ 12,268,236
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE LIFE INSURANCE PLAN

## TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions							
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 10,751,504	\$ 10,503,967	\$ 10,383,700	\$ 10,903,678	\$ 10,783,010	\$ 11,299,056	\$ 12,268,236
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

## **NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS**

In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%. • In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

In the 2023 experience study the municipal bond index rate increased to 3.66%

## NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY **DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS**

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method **Amortization Period** 

Remaining amortization period

Asset valuation method

Inflation

Salary Increase

Ultimate Investment rate of return

Entry age, normal

Level percentage of payroll, closed

30-year closed period that began fiscal year 2011

to amortize the unfunded liability 5-year asset smoothing method

2.50 percent

3.00 to 7.50 percent

7.10 per annum, compounded annually, including

inflation

## NOTE C - CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes in benefits for TRS pension.

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## **COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

## NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

## 2015

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.

The assumed inflation rate was reduced from 3.5% to 3.255%.

The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to .75%.

Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4%.

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).

For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 20013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

## 2016

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2016.

## 2017

The following changes were made by the KRS Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

The assumed rate of inflation was reduced to 2.30% from 3.25%

The assumed salary increases were reduced to 3.05%, average, from 4.00%, average including inflation

The assumed investment rate of return was reduced to 6.25% from 7.50%

### 2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

### 2019

The following changes were made by the KRS Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

The projected salary increase was changed to 3.3-11.5% from 3.05%

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

The asset valuation method was changed to 20% of the difference between the market value assets and the expected actuarial value of assets if recognized from 5-year smoothed market.

The payroll growth rate was changed to 2.0% from 4.0%.

The investment rate of return was change to 6.25% from 7.5%.

The inflation rate was changed to 2.3% from 3.25%.

## 2020

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2020.

## 2021

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2021.

## 2022

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## 2023

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2023.

## NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the rates reported in that schedule:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Experience Study July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period 30 years, Closed

Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization

basis

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value

of assets and the expected actuarial value of

assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30 percent

Salary Increase 3.30-10.30 percent, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25 percent

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB 362

enacted in 2018 for CERS

The retiree mortality is a System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

## NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes in benefits for CERS non-hazardous pensions.

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

## **NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS**

2017

There were no changes in assumptions.

2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

2019

There were no changes in assumptions.

2020

Health Care Cost Trend Rates were updated for the June 30, 2019 valuation.

2021

## Health Trust and Life Trust

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.

The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%.

The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

2022

There were no changes in assumptions.

2023

There were no changes in assumptions

## NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The Health Trust is not funded based on an actuarially determined contribution, but instead is funded based on statutorily determined amounts.

## **NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS**

There were no changes of benefits.

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## **COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

## **NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS**

## <u>2017</u>

The assumed investment return was changed from 7.5% to 6.2%

The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30% which resulted in a .95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service

The payroll growth assumption (\*applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.0% to 2.0%

For the non-hazardous plan, the single discount rate changed from 6.89% to 5.84%. For the hazardous plan the single discount rate changed from 7.37% to 5.96%

## 2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

## 2019

The investment rate of return was changed to 6.25% from 7.0%.

The projected salary increases changed to 3.05-11.55% from 4.0%.

The inflation rate changed to 2.3% from 3.25%.

The payroll growth rate changed to 2.0% from 4.0%.

## 2020

There were no changes in assumptions.

## <u>2021</u>

The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed since the prior year. The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2020 valuation process and was updated to better reflect the plan's long-term healthcare costs.

## 2022

The Initial trend rate for Pre-65 was changes to 6.20% and for Post-65 the change was to 9.00%.

### 2023

The Initial trend rate for Pre-65 was changes to 6.30% and for Post-65 the change was to 6.3%.

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

## NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions – The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2023:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Experience Study July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period 30 years, closed

Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over

separate closed 20-year amortization bases

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30%-10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25 %

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality

experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using

a base year of 2019

Healthcare cost trend rates

Pre - 65 Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023 and

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

over a period of 13 years.

Post - 65 Initial trend starting at 6.30 % at January 1, 2023 and

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

over a period of 13 years.

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in

2018.

## NOTE C - CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes in benefits for CERS, non-hazardous OPEB.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	BUILDING FUND	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS
ASSETS:						
Cash & Cash Equivalents Accounts Receviable	2,918	4,250	55,564	215,570 263	163,313	441,615 263
TOTAL ASSETS	2,918	4,250	55,564	215,833	163,313	441,878
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:						
Liabilities:				450		4.50
Accounts Payable				178		178
Total Liabilities	0	0	0	178	0	178
Fund Balances:						
Restricted for:						
Debt Service			55,564			55,564
SFCC Escrow	2,918	4,250				7,168
School Activities				215,655	163,313	378,968
Total Fund Balances	2,918	4,250	55,564	215,655	163,313	441,700
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	2,918	4,250	55,564	215,833	163,313	441,878

# LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	BUILDING FUND	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS
REVENUES:						
Taxes - Property	532,358					532,358
Intergovernmental - State	573,722	217,732	848,337			1,639,791
Student Activities				10,723	423,300	434,023
Earnings on Investments	165	239	7,357			7,761
TOTAL REVENUES	1,106,245	217,971	855,694	10,723	423,300	2,613,933
EXPENDITURES:						
Instructional				22,054	316,445	338,499
Student Support Services				22,00 .	1,555	1,555
Instructional Staff Support					290	290
Plant Operations and Maintenace					429	429
Other Non-Instructional				186	2,244	2,430
Debt Service:						
Principal			1,595,000			1,595,000
Interest			343,123			343,123
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	0	0	1,938,123	22,240	320,963	2,281,326
EXCESS(DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES	1,106,245	217,971	(1,082,429)	(11,517)	102,337	332,607
EM ENDITORES	1,100,213	217,571	(1,002,12))	(11,517)	102,337	332,007
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES):						
Operating Transfers In			1,089,786	75,294		1,165,080
Operating Transfers Out	(1,106,080)	(217,732)			(75,294)	(1,399,106)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)	(1,106,080)	(217,732)	1,089,786	75,294	(75,294)	(234,026)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	165	239	7,357	63,777	27,043	98,581
THE CHARGE BY LOND BREAKCES	103	237	1,551	03,777	27,043	70,301
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	2,753	4,011	48,207	151,878	136,270	343,119
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	2,918	4,250	55,564	215,655	163,313	441,700
TOTAL DALATICES - ENDING	2,710	4,230	33,304	213,033	105,515	<del>44</del> 1,/00

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCES AGENCY FUNDS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	FUND BALANCE JULY 1, 2023	REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2024
Larue County High School	59,559	298,350	298,502	59,407
Abraham Lincoln Elementary School	8,380	21,777	17,905	12,252
Larue County Middle School	49,817	82,012	68,366	63,463
Hodgenville Elementary Scholl	18,514	21,161	11,484	28,191
Total Activity Funds (Due to Student Groups)	136,270	423,300	396,257	163,313

See independent accountant's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

### LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND FUND BALANCE HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	CASH BALANCE			CASH BALANCE	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	FUND BALANCE
	JULY 1, 2023	RECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS	JUNE 30, 2024	JUNE 30, 2024	JUNE 30, 2024	JUNE 30, 2024
General	3,581	11,666	11,338	3,909			3,909
Faculty Coke	367	880	496	751			751
Guidance	1,026	863	1,580	309			309
Student Coke	77	323	141	259			259
Beta Club	70	8,270	7,828	512			512
FCA	1,393	0	0	1,393			1,393
FFA	3,818	41,082	34,936	9,964			9,964
FBLA	0	1,867	1,867	0			0
SOS Club	0	0	0	0			0
HOSA	0	16,102	10,879	5,223			5,223
Speech	6,107	5,930	4,934	7,103			7,103
Yclub	0	18,183	18,183	0			0
PBIS	0	0	0	0			0
Yearbook	887	1,099	569	1,417			1,417
Spanish Club	37	5,950	5,824	163			163
Agriscience	0	0	37	(37)			(37)
FMD Activity	0	0	0	0			0
Business Dept	1,869	0	0	1,869			1,869
JROTC	690	0	536	154			154
Athletic Account	33,828	109,339	128,079	15,088			15,088
Senior Class	1,428	44,445	43,306	2,567			2,567
Junior Class	2,006	14,326	13,723	2,609			2,609
Life Connection	1,408	0	0	1,408			1,408
Band	967	18,025	14,246	4,746			4,746
Yearbook DAF	0	4,075	4,075	0			0
Athletic DAF	0	69,060	69,060	0			0
General DAF	0	719	719	0			0
Total All Funds	59,559	372,204	372,356	59,407	0	0	59,407
Interfund Transfers	0	(73,854)	(73,854)	0	0	0	0
Total	59,559	298,350	298,502	59,407	0	0	59,407

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		PASS		
	FEDERAL	THROUGH		
	ALN	NUMBER	PROVIDED TO	
FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE U.S. Department of Education	NUMBER	(if applicable)	SUBRECIPIENTS	EXPENDITURES
Passed-Through Department of Education				
Title I Part A- Parent Involvement	84.010	3100002-23		4,335
Title I Part A- Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84010	3100002-23		175,685
Title I Part A- Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-24		532,304
Title I Part A Cluster				712,324
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002-23		18,370
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002-24		90,726
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Total				109,096
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	330002-23		308
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	330002-24		13,269
English Language Acquisition State Grants Total				13,577
IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	84.027	3810002-23		109,953
IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	84.027	3810002-23		584,072
IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State  IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-24		4,640
IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants  IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-23		30,426
Special Education Cluster	04.173	3800002-24		729,091
·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	4300002		2,860,111
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	4000002		19,571
COVID-19-Education Stabilization Total				2,879,682
Perkins Voc.	84.048	3710002-23		2,884
Perkins Voc.	84.048	3710002-24		34,863
Perkins Voc.				37,747
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.001	3840001-24		30,748
Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	342002-23		22,020
Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	342002-24		17,950
Title IV Total	01.121	312002 21		39,970
				,
Total U.S. Department of Education				4,552,235
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed Through Kentucky Cabinet for Families and Children				
COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	KCFC-22		250,931
COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	KCFC-23		117,233
COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant Total				368,164
*				
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				368,164
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed-Through State Department of Education				
National School Lunchroom	10.555	7750002-23		251,503
National School Lunchroom	10.555	7750002-24		928,846
National School Lunchroom	10.555	9980000-23		74,277
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-23		123,800
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-24		431,290
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7690024-23		13,833
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7740023-23		134,458
Child Nutrition Cluster				1,958,007
State Administrative Expense Funds	10.560	7700001-23		2,113
•				•
Pass-Through State Department of Agriculture Food Distribution	10.565	057502 10		140 202
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.565	057502-10		2,100,513
Total Federal Financial Assistance				7,020,912

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the LaRue County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of LaRue County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net asset, or cash flows of LaRue County School District.

## NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds and the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are present where available.

### NOTE C – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities disbursed.

## NOTE D - DE MINIMIS COST RATE

The District did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## **NOTE E – SUBRECIPIENTS**

There were no subrecipients during the fiscal year.

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

## **Financial Statements**

Type of audit issued: Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting:					
<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are</li> </ul>	YesXNo				
not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes X None Reported				
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesXNo				
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs?					
Material weakness(es) identified?	YesXNo				
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?</li> </ul>	YesX None Reported				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major p	programs (unmodified):				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)	?YesXNo				
Identification of major programs:					
<u>CFDA Number</u> <u>Nam</u>	ne of Federal Program or Cluster				
93.575 Child Care and Development Block Gant 84.425D/84.425U Covid-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ <u>750,000</u>				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X No				
Section II – Financial Statement of Findings					
No matters were reported.					

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

## LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2024

There were no prior year audit findings.

## MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

Certified Public Accountants
710 Highway 208
Lebanon, KY 40033
270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2024

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Education LaRue County School District Hodgenville, Kentucky

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request, Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report,* the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of LaRue County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise LaRue County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated November 15, 2024.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered LaRue County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the LaRue County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the LaRue County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether LaRue County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of my tests disclosed no material instances of noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulation identified in *Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, P.L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

## MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2024

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Education LaRue County School District Hodgenville, Kentucky

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

I have audited LaRue County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance\_Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of LaRue County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. LaRue County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In my opinion, LaRue County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

## Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request, Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report. My responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of my report.

I am required to be independent of LaRue County School District and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. My audit does not provide a legal determination of LaRue County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to LaRue County School District's federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on LaRue County School District's compliance based on my audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about LaRue County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test
  basis, evidence regarding LaRue County School District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of LaRue County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of LaRue County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that I identified during the audit.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in

internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exit that were not identified.

My audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, P.L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

## MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

## Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2024

#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

Members of the Board of Education LaRue County School District Hodgenville, Kentucky

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of LaRue County School District for the year ended June 30, 2024, my considered its internal control in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements. Our professional standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. I feel that the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement. However, I offer the following suggestions that I feel will strengthen your organization's internal control structure.

## **Prior Year Recommendations - School Activity Funds:**

None.

## **Prior Year Recommendation - District:**

None.

## **Current Year Recommendations - School Activity Funds:**

## 2024-1 Current Year Recommendation:

During current year testing, one instance was noted at LaRue County High School of a purchase occurring prior to the issuance of an approved Purchase Order. I recommend that all personnel be reminded of the requirement for an approved purchase order prior to all purchases.

#### Managements Response:

Sponsors, teachers and staff will be reminded of the need for an approved Purchase Order prior to incurring charges on behalf of the school.

## 2024-2 Current Year Recommendation:

During current year testing, two instances were noted at LaRue County Middle School of a sponsor signing for students remitting funds who are 6<sup>th</sup> grade or above. Redbook requires all non-handicapped students 6<sup>th</sup> grade and above sign their own names when remitting funds. I recommend all schools follow the signature requirements laid out in the Redbook.

### Managements Response:

Sponsors, teachers and staff will be reminded of the signature requirements for students  $6^{th}$  grade and above.

## **Current Year Recommendations - District:**

None

I would like to offer my assistance throughout the year if and when new or unusual situations arise. My awareness of new developments when they occur would help to ensure that the District is complying with requirements such as those mentioned above.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, P.L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

## MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

## Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2024

Members of the Board of Education LaRue County School District Hodgenville, Kentucky

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of LaRue County School District for the year ended June 30, 2024. Professional standards require that I provide you with information about my responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of my audit. I have communicated such information in my letter to you dated April 9, 2024. Professional standards also require that I communicate to you the following information related to my audit.

## **Significant Audit Matters:**

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by LaRue County School District are described in Note A to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2024. I noted no transactions entered into by LaRue County School District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the sick leave liability is based on current pay rates and those currently eligible for retirement. I evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the sick leave liability in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

## Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

I encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing my audit.

### Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require me to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

## Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to my satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. I are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of my audit.

## Management Representations

I have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 15, 2024.

## Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to LaRue County School District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with me to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To my knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

## Other Audit Findings or Issues

I generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as LaRue County School District's auditor. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of my professional relationship and my responses were not a condition to my retention.

## Other Matters

I applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. My procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

I was not engaged to report on the budgetary comparison information on pages 52 and 53, or on the schedules of the district's proportionate share of net pension liabilities and other post-employment benefit plans on pages 54-55 and 58-60, or on the schedules of contributions to the County Employees Retirement System and Teachers Retirement System pension plans or the County Employees Retirement System and Teachers Retirement System other post-employment benefit plans on pages 56-57 and 61-63,

which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

## Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of Members of the Board of Education and management of LaRue County School District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, P.L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants